

Revolutionary Movement

Instructions: Each question carries one mark. Choose the most appropriate answer.

Section: Early Revolutionary Activities in Bengal

1. The first revolutionary secret society in Bengal was:

- a) **Anushilan Samiti**
- b) Hindustan Socialist Republican Association
- c) Ghadar Party
- d) India House

2. The Anushilan Samiti was founded in 1902 by:

- a) **Pramathanath Mitra**
- b) Barindra Kumar Ghosh
- c) Aurobindo Ghosh
- d) Jatindranath Mukherjee

3. The Yugantar group was started by:

- a) **Barindra Kumar Ghosh**
- b) Pramathanath Mitra
- c) Aurobindo Ghosh
- d) Sachindranath Sanyal

4. The Alipore Bomb Case (1908) was related to the attempt to assassinate:

- a) Lord Curzon
- b) **Kingsford, the District Judge of Muzaffarpur**
- c) Lord Minto
- d) Lord Hardinge

5. In the Alipore Bomb Case, who was sentenced to death?

- a) Aurobindo Ghosh
- b) Barindra Kumar Ghosh
- c) **Khudiram Bose**
- d) Prafulla Chaki

6. Khudiram Bose was hanged at:

- a) Alipore Jail
- b) **Muzaffarpur Jail**
- c) Calcutta Jail
- d) Cellular Jail

7. Who committed suicide rather than be arrested after the Muzaffarpur bomb attack?

- a) Khudiram Bose
- b) **Prafulla Chaki**
- c) Barindra Kumar Ghosh
- d) Ullaskar Dutta

8. The Howrah-Sibpur Conspiracy Case (1910) involved:

- a) **Jatindranath Mukherjee (Bagha Jatin)**
- b) Aurobindo Ghosh
- c) Rash Behari Bose
- d) Sachindranath Sanyal

9. The Delhi-Lahore Conspiracy Case (1912) was related to the attempt to assassinate:

- a) Lord Chelmsford
- b) **Lord Hardinge**
- c) Lord Minto
- d) Lord Curzon

10. Who threw the bomb at Lord Hardinge in Delhi?

- a) **Basanta Kumar Biswas**
- b) Rash Behari Bose
- c) Sachindranath Sanyal
- d) Amir Chand

Section: Revolutionary Activities in Maharashtra

11. The Abhinav Bharat Society was founded in 1904 by:

- a) **Vinayak Damodar Savarkar**
- b) Ganesh Savarkar
- c) Anant Kanhere
- d) Krishna Gopal Karve

12. The Nashik Conspiracy Case (1910) involved the assassination of:

- a) British Collector of Nashik
- b) **Jackson, the District Magistrate of Nashik**
- c) Police Commissioner of Bombay
- d) Governor of Bombay

13. Who assassinated Jackson at Nashik?

- a) **Anant Kanhere**
- b) Vinayak Savarkar
- c) Ganesh Savarkar
- d) Madanlal Dhingra

14. The India House in London was founded by:

- a) **Shyamji Krishna Varma**
- b) Vinayak Savarkar
- c) Madanlal Dhingra
- d) Har Dayal

15. Who assassinated Sir Curzon Wyllie in London in 1909?

- a) **Madanlal Dhingra**
- b) Vinayak Savarkar
- c) Udham Singh
- d) Har Dayal

16. Madanlal Dhingra was executed in:

- a) India
- b) **London**
- c) Paris
- d) Berlin

17. The book "The Indian War of Independence 1857" was written by:

- a) B.G. Tilak
- b) **V.D. Savarkar**
- c) Lala Lajpat Rai
- d) Bipin Chandra Pal

Section: Punjab and Hindustan Socialist Republican Association

18. The Ghadar Party was founded in 1913 in:

- a) Calcutta
- b) **San Francisco, USA**
- c) London
- d) Berlin

19. The founder of Ghadar Party was:

- a) **Lala Hardayal**

b) Bhagat Singh
c) Sohan Singh Bhakna
d) Kartar Singh Sarabha

20. The headquarters of Ghadar Party was at:
a) London
b) Berlin
c) **San Francisco**
d) Tokyo

21. The newspaper "Ghadar" was published in:
a) English
b) Hindi
c) **Punjabi and Urdu**
d) Bengali

22. The Hindustan Republican Association was founded in 1924 by:
a) **Sachindranath Sanyal**
b) Bhagat Singh
c) Chandrashekhar Azad
d) Ram Prasad Bismil

23. The Kakori Conspiracy Case (1925) involved:
a) **Robbery of government money from a train at Kakori**
b) Bomb attack on Legislative Assembly
c) Assassination of a British officer
d) Attack on Viceroy's train

24. Who among these was NOT involved in Kakori Conspiracy?
a) Ram Prasad Bismil
b) Ashfaqullah Khan
c) Roshan Singh
d) **Bhagat Singh**

25. Who was the defense lawyer for the accused in Kakori Conspiracy Case?
a) **Motilal Nehru**
b) C.R. Das
c) M.K. Gandhi
d) Jawaharlal Nehru

26. The Hindustan Socialist Republican Association was formed in 1928 by:
a) **Bhagat Singh and Chandrashekhar Azad**
b) Sachindranath Sanyal
c) Ram Prasad Bismil
d) Surya Sen

27. The Lahore Conspiracy Case (1929) was related to:
a) Kakori train robbery
b) **Murder of Saunders and bomb in Assembly**
c) Chittagong Armory Raid
d) Attack on Viceroy

28. Who killed police officer Saunders in Lahore?
a) **Bhagat Singh, Rajguru, and Chandrashekhar Azad**
b) Bhagat Singh alone
c) Rajguru alone
d) Sukhdev alone

29. Bhagat Singh and Batukeshwar Dutt threw bombs in the Central Legislative Assembly in:
a) 1928

b) **1929**
c) 1930
d) 1931

30. The slogan "Inquilab Zindabad" was popularized by:
a) **Bhagat Singh**
b) Chandrashekhar Azad
c) Subhas Chandra Bose
d) Surya Sen

31. Bhagat Singh, Sukhdev, and Rajguru were executed on:
a) 15th August 1931
b) **23rd March 1931**
c) 13th April 1931
d) 26th January 1931

32. Chandrashekhar Azad died in an encounter with police at:
a) Lahore
b) Delhi
c) **Alfred Park, Allahabad**
d) Calcutta

33. Chandrashekhar Azad died in:
a) 1929
b) **1931**
c) 1932
d) 1933

Section: Revolutionary Activities in Other Regions

34. The Chittagong Armory Raid was led by:
a) **Surya Sen**
b) Bhagat Singh
c) Chandrashekhar Azad
d) Ram Prasad Bismil

35. The Chittagong Armory Raid took place in:
a) 1928
b) **1930**
c) 1932
d) 1934

36. Who was known as "Masterda"?
a) **Surya Sen**
b) Bhagat Singh
c) Chandrashekhar Azad
d) Jatindranath Das

37. Surya Sen was executed in:
a) 1932
b) **1934**
c) 1936
d) 1938

38. The woman revolutionary who participated in Chittagong Armory Raid was:
a) **Kalpana Datta**
b) Pritilata Waddedar
c) Both a and b
d) Bina Das

39. Pritilata Waddedar committed suicide after:
a) **Attack on European Club in Chittagong**

b) Chittagong Armory Raid

c) Killing of a British officer

d) Arrest by police

40. Who attempted to assassinate Governor Stanley Jackson in Calcutta?

a) **Bina Das**

b) Kalpana Datta

c) Pritilata Waddedar

d) Durga Bhabi

41. The Indian Independence League was founded in 1942 in:

a) Calcutta

b) **Tokyo**

c) Singapore

d) Berlin

42. The Indian National Army (INA) was first formed in 1942 by:

a) **Captain Mohan Singh**

b) Subhas Chandra Bose

c) Rash Behari Bose

d) M.Z. Kiani

43. Subhas Chandra Bose took command of INA in:

a) 1942

b) **1943**

c) 1944

d) 1945

44. Subhas Chandra Bose gave the slogan:

a) Inquilab Zindabad

b) **Give me blood and I will give you freedom**

c) Do or Die

d) Swaraj is my birthright

45. The INA trials were held at:

a) Lahore

b) **Red Fort, Delhi**

c) Calcutta

d) Bombay

46. Who defended the INA prisoners in the Red Fort trials?

a) **Bhulabhai Desai, Tej Bahadur Sapru, Jawaharlal Nehru**

b) M.K. Gandhi

c) Sardar Patel

d) C. Rajagopalachari

47. Udharm Singh assassinated Michael O'Dwyer in:

a) India

b) **London**

c) Ireland

d) USA

48. Udharm Singh killed O'Dwyer to avenge:

a) Execution of Bhagat Singh

b) **Jallianwala Bagh massacre**

c) Partition of Bengal

d) Death of Lala Lajpat Rai

49. Udharm Singh was executed in:

a) 1940

b) **1940**

c) 1941

d) 1942

50. The revolutionary who died after a 63-day hunger strike in Lahore jail was:

a) **Jatindranath Das**

b) Bhagat Singh

c) Batukeshwar Dutt

d) Surya Sen

Section: Previous Years' Questions

51. (Previous Year NDA) Who founded the Ghadar Party?

a) Bhagat Singh

b) **Lala Hardayal**

c) Sohan Singh Bhakna

d) Kartar Singh Sarabha

52. (Previous Year NDA) The Chittagong Armory Raid was led by:

a) Bhagat Singh

b) **Surya Sen**

c) Chandrashekhar Azad

d) Ram Prasad Bismil

53. (Previous Year NDA) Who gave the slogan "Inquilab Zindabad"?

a) **Bhagat Singh**

b) Subhas Chandra Bose

c) Chandrashekhar Azad

d) Udham Singh

54. (Previous Year NDA) The Kakori Conspiracy Case involved:

a) Bomb attack on Assembly

b) **Train robbery at Kakori**

c) Assassination of a British officer

d) Armory raid

55. (Previous Year NDA) Who was known as "Azad"?

a) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad

b) **Chandrashekhar Azad**

c) Ashfaqullah Khan

d) Sachindranath Sanyal

Answer Key

1. a) Anushilan Samiti

2. a) Pramathanath Mitra

3. a) Barindra Kumar Ghosh

4. b) Kingsford, the District Judge of Muzaffarpur

5. c) Khudiram Bose

6. b) Muzaffarpur Jail

7. b) Prafulla Chaki

8. a) Jatindranath Mukherjee (Bagha Jatin)

9. b) Lord Hardinge

10. b) Rash Behari Bose

11. a) Vinayak Damodar Savarkar

12. b) Jackson, the District Magistrate of Nashik

13. a) Anant Kanhere

14. a) Shyamji Krishna Varma

15. a) Madanlal Dhingra

16. b) London
17. b) V.D. Savarkar
18. b) San Francisco, USA
19. a) Lala Hardayal
20. c) San Francisco
21. c) Punjabi and Urdu
22. a) Sachindranath Sanyal
23. a) Robbery of government money from a train at Kakori
24. d) Bhagat Singh
25. a) Motilal Nehru
26. a) Bhagat Singh and Chandrashekhar Azad
27. b) Murder of Saunders and bomb in Assembly
28. a) Bhagat Singh, Rajguru, and Chandrashekhar Azad
29. b) 1929
30. a) Bhagat Singh
31. b) 23rd March 1931
32. c) Alfred Park, Allahabad
33. b) 1931
34. a) Surya Sen
35. b) 1930
36. a) Surya Sen
37. b) 1934
38. c) Both a and b
39. a) Attack on European Club in Chittagong
40. a) Bina Das
41. b) Tokyo
42. a) Captain Mohan Singh
43. b) 1943
44. b) Give me blood and I will give you freedom
45. b) Red Fort, Delhi
46. a) Bhulabhai Desai, Tej Bahadur Sapru, Jawaharlal Nehru
47. b) London
48. b) Jallianwala Bagh massacre
49. b) 1940
50. a) Jatindranath Das
51. b) Lala Hardayal
52. b) Surya Sen
53. a) Bhagat Singh
54. b) Train robbery at Kakori
55. b) Chandrashekhar Azad